Financial Statements of

ONGWANADA HOSPITAL

Year ended March 31, 2022

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Year ended March 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Ongwanada Hospital

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ongwanada Hospital (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2022, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Kingston, Canada

LPMG LLP

June 28, 2022

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (note 2) Prepaid expenses Inventories	\$ 14,223,629 1,989,212 152,813 150,394 16,516,048	\$ 11,323,178 1,677,713 168,372 157,752 13,327,015
Restricted assets: Patient safekeeping accounts Cash Due to general account	469,012 (15,344) 453,668	314,720 (10,340) 304,380
Capital assets (note 3)	8,999,264	9,415,459
Due from Ongwanada Non-Profit Housing Corporation (note 9(a))	79,963	14,095
	\$ 26,048,943	\$ 23,060,949

	2022	2021
Liabilities, Deferred Contributions and Net Assets		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4) Payable to Province of Ontario Deferred revenue Due from patient safekeeping account	\$ 6,899,029 \$ 3,795,896 209,405 (15,344)	6,056,075 1,476,444 283,805 (10,340)
Due nom panone carenceping accession	10,888,986	7,805,984
Employee future benefits liability (note 5)	7,192,000	8,248,600
Patients' safekeeping accounts: Balances held in trust	453,668	304,380
Deferred capital contributions (note 6)	6,734,521	6,959,915
Net assets: Invested in capital assets (note 7(a)) Internally restricted Unrestricted deficiency	 3,902,259 166,766 (3,289,257) 779,768	3,950,544 166,569 (4,375,043) (257,930)
Contingent liabilities (note 10)		
	\$ 26,048,943 \$	23,060,949

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Member

Member

ONGWANADA HOSPITAL Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	Responsibility of Ministry of Children,				
	Community and Social Services General programs	Responsibility of hospital	Plant and endowment fund	2022 Total	2021 Total
Revenue. Patient services:			,	1	
Approved funding	\$ 47,431,715 1,430.510	। । ७	I і •	\$ 47,431,715 1,430,510	\$ 41,300,424 1,625,517
Offset revenue and recoveries:					0000
Community residential services	1,804,037	1		1,804,037	1,996,954
Client and community services -	44 450		1	145 153	528 693
environmental support	145,153	I	I !	34 363	30,945
General administration	51,363	2 545 308	!	21,303	2 535 183
Community health services	ויייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	2,040,090	847	2,045,330	51 914
Interest	007,62	1 1	8 844	8 844	68.066
Donations	"	1	420 558	420,558	435.258
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (riote o) Other income	23,998	82,377	[106,375	99,812
	50,891,976	2,627,775	430,214	53,949,965	48,672,766
Expenses:					
Developmental care: Community residential services (schedule A)	36,919,055	and the second s	I	36,919,055	33,832,117
Client and community services - environmental				000	1
support (schedule B)	8,400,441	ı	ı	8,400,441	7,282,970
General administration (schedule C)	3,252,775	1 10	1	3,252,775	2,792,537
Community health services (schedule B)	I	2,566,857	1 6	7,556,857	7,451,584
Amortization of capital assets	Î	í	509,390	068,800	533,753
Change in vacation pay liability	ı	1 7	I	1 8	184,231
Other expense	*****	1440	1	+	201,1
	48,572,271	2,567,501	509,390	51,649,162	47,088,348
MCCSS recovery	(2,319,705)	l	I	(2,319,705)	(1,467,131)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	\$ 60,274	\$ (79,176)	(18,902)	\$ 117,287
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses				8	905)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ONGWANADA HOSPITAL Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		Invested in capital assets		Internally restricted	Unrestricted		2022 Total		2021 Total
Balance (deficiency), beginning of year	↔	3,950,544	↔	166,569	\$ (4,375,043)	↔	(257,930)	↔	56,983
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses (note 7(b))		(88,832)		197	69,733		(18,902)		117,287
Net change in investment in capital assets (note 7(b))		40,547		l	(40,547)		ı		
Change in employee future benefits liability (note 5)		i		ı	1,056,600		1,056,600		(432,200)
Balance (deficiency), end of year	8	3,902,259	8	166,766	\$ (3,289,257)	s	779,768	€	(257,930)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	 2022	 2021
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities: Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ (18,902)	\$ 117,287
Items not involving cash: Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(420,558)	(435,258)
Amortization of capital assets	509,390	533,753
Transfer of deferred capital contributions	(141,836)	_
Change in non-cash operating working capital:	(311,499)	(241,070)
Accounts receivable	(65,868)	(7,070)
Due from Ongwanada Non-Profit Housing Corporation	15,559	132,293
Prepaid expenses Payable to Province of Ontario	2,319,452	1,467,832
Inventories	7,358	47,571
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	842,954	782,517
Deferred revenue	(74,400)	120,307
Due from patient safekeeping account	(5,004)	(82,582)
Dae Horri parioni care i più g	2,656,646	2,435,580
Financing activities: Increase in deferred capital contributions	337,000	1,495,000
Investing activities: Additions to capital assets	(93,195)	_
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,900,451	 3,930,580
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	11,323,178	7,392,598
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 14,223,629	\$ 11,323,178

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2022

Ongwanada Hospital (the "Organization") was incorporated without share capital under the Ontario Corporations Act on November 23, 1945. The Organization is principally involved in providing support services to citizens with development disabilities in the rural and urban communities of South Eastern Ontario. The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act (Canada) are met.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting.

(a) Revenue recognition:

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions which include donations and government grants.

Under various Province of Ontario Acts and Regulations thereto, the Organization is funded primarily in accordance with budget arrangements established by the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services (the "Ministry"). Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period. These financial statements reflect agreed arrangements approved by the Ministry with respect to the year ended March 31, 2022.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Other patient revenue is recognized when the goods are sold or the service is provided.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short-term deposits which are highly liquid with original maturities of less than three months.

(c) Contributed services:

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

(e) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense as incurred. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Organization's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis using the following annual rates:

Asset	Rate
Buildings and its components Furniture and equipment Vehicles	2.5% 20% 10%

The costs incurred for major capital projects are classified separately as construction-inprogress until the project is complete. When complete, the costs are transferred to the appropriate capital asset category.

(f) Compensated absences:

Compensation expense is accrued for all employees as entitlement to these payments is earned, in accordance with the Organization's benefit plans for vacation and sick leave.

(g) Employee future benefits:

The Organization uses the immediate recognition approach to account for its defined benefit plans. The Organization accrues its obligations under the defined benefit plans as the employees render the services necessary to earn the non-pension post-retirement benefits. The cost of non-pension post-retirement benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service, which incorporates management's best estimate of future salary levels, other cost escalation, retirement ages of employees and other actuarial factors. The measurement date of the accrued benefit obligation coincides with the Organization's fiscal year. Actuarial gains (losses) that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation are recognized in the statement of changes in net assets.

The Organization is an employer member of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan, which is a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Organization has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this Plan because insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Employee future benefits (continued):

The most recent regulatory funding valuation of this multi-employer pension plan conducted as at December 31, 2021 disclosed actuarial assets of \$114,414 million with accrued pension liabilities of \$85,902 million, resulting in a surplus of \$28,512 million. This filing valuation also confirmed that the plan was fully funded on a solvency basis as at December 31, 2021 based on the assumptions and methods adopted for the valuation.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(i) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Organization has not elected to subsequently carry any such financial instruments at fair value.

Financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Organization determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Organization expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

2. Accounts receivable:

	2022	2021
Trade receivables Harmonized sales tax Copayment Others	\$ 1,715,743 338,818 - 57,766	\$ 1,525,672 - 150,464 124,692
Others	 2,112,327	1,800,828
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	123,115	123,115
	\$ 1,989,212	\$ 1,677,713

3. Capital assets:

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	2022 Net book value	2021 Net book value
Land Buildings and its components Furniture and equipment Vehicles	\$ 911,723 18,508,784 3,589,029 1,388,030	\$ - 10,637,346 3,538,426 1,222,530	\$ 911,723 7,871,438 50,603 165,500	\$ 911,723 8,253,378 124,131 126,227
	\$ 24,397,566	\$ 15,398,302	\$ 8,999,264	\$ 9,415,459

Cost and accumulated amortization of capital assets at March 31, 2021 amounted to \$24,304,371 and \$14,888,912, respectively.

Capital assets have been reviewed for full or partial impairment and management has determined there are no impairment losses to be recognized during the year (2021 - \$Nil).

4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$510,828 (2021 - \$404,260), which includes amounts payable for harmonized sales tax and payroll-related taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

5. Employee future benefits:

The Organization provides extended health care, dental and life insurance benefits to its employees. An independent actuarial study of the employee future benefits has been undertaken. The most recent valuation of the employee future benefits was completed as at March 31, 2020.

At March 31, 2022, the Organization's accrued benefit obligation relating to post-retirement benefit plans is \$7,192,000 (2021 - \$8,248,600).

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in estimating the Organization's accrued benefit obligation are as follows:

Discount rate for calculation of accrued benefit obligation Discount rate for calculation of net benefit costs Salary escalation Dental benefits escalation Health benefits escalation	3.10% per annum 4.20% per annum 2.50% per annum 3.00% per annum 5.37% for 2022-2024, decreasing by 0.12% per year to an ultimate rate of 3.57%
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Information with respect to the Organization's post-retirement obligations is as follows:

	 2022	2021
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year Expense recognized for the year Actuarial experience loss (gain) recognized Benefits paid for the year	\$ 8,248,600 488,800 (915,400) (630,000)	\$ 7,816,400 490,400 530,500 (588,700)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	\$ 7,192,000	\$ 8,248,600

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

6. Deferred capital contributions:

Capital assets:

Deferred capital contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount of donations and grants received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations.

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Additional contributions received Less amortization of deferred capital contributions Less transfer of deferred capital contributions	\$ 6,959,915 337,000 (420,558) (141,836)	\$ 5,900,173 1,495,000 (435,258) —
Balance, end of year	\$ 6,734,521	\$ 6,959,915

The balance of deferred contributions for capital assets consists of the following:

	2022	2021
Unamortized capital contributions used to purchase Unspent contributions	\$ 5,097,005 1,637,516	\$ 5,464,915 1,495,000
Balance, end of year	\$ 6,734,521	\$ 6,959,915

7. Investment in capital assets:

(a) Investment in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2022	2021
Capital assets	\$ 8,999,264	\$ 9,415,459
Amounts financed by: Deferred contributions	(5,097,005)	(5,464,915)
	\$ 3,902,259	\$ 3,950,544

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

7. Investment in capital assets (continued):

(b) Change in net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2022	2021
Excess of expenses over revenue: Amortization of deferred capital contributions Amortization of capital assets	\$ 420,558 (509,390)	\$ 435,258 (533,753)
	\$ (88,832)	\$ (98,495)
Net change in investment in capital assets: Purchase of capital assets Amounts funded by deferred contributions	\$ 93,195 (52,648)	\$ <u>-</u>
	\$ 40,547	\$

8. Pension plan:

Substantially all of the employees of the Organization are members of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan (the "Plan"), which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan available to all eligible employees of the participating members of the Ontario Hospital Association. The Plan specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay

Contributions to the Plan made during the year by the Organization on behalf of its employees amounted to \$1,775,391 (2021 - \$1,609,360) and are included in the statement of operations.

Pension expense is based on Plan management's best estimates, in consultation with its actuaries, of the amount, required to provide a high level of assurance that benefits will be fully represented by fund assets at retirement, as provided by the Plan. The funding objective is for employer contributions to the Plan to remain a constant percentage of employees' contributions.

Variances between actuarial funding estimates and actual experience may be material and any differences are generally to be funded by the participating members. The Plan's 2021 Annual Report indicates the plan is fully funded at 120%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

9. Related entities:

(a) Ongwanada Non-Profit Housing Corporation:

The Organization currently controls Ongwanada Non-Profit Housing Corporation (the "Housing Corporation") by virtue of having common board members. The Board members of the Housing Corporation are also the Executive Committee members of the Organization's Board. In addition, general members of the Housing Corporation are board members of the Organization. The Housing Corporation is incorporated without share capital under the laws of Ontario to provide non-profit housing services and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act (Canada) are met.

The Housing Corporation has not been consolidated in the Organization's financial statements. Financial statements of the Housing Corporation are available upon request. Financial summaries of this unconsolidated entity as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, and for the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, are as follows:

	2022	2021
Assets: Current Replacement reserve fund Capital assets	\$ 69,546 178,595 1,714,475	\$ 50,297 160,574 1,816,116
	\$ 1,962,616	\$ 2,026,987
Liabilities and fund balances: Current Long-term Replacement reserve fund	\$ 247,783 1,536,476 178,357	\$ 183,937 1,682,475 160,575
	\$ 1,962,616	\$ 2,026,987

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

9. Related entities (continued):

(a) Ongwanada Non-Profit Housing Corporation (continued):

The amount owing to the Organization is composed of \$21,064 (2021 - \$21,064) owing from the replacement reserve fund and \$65,397 (2021 - \$35,159) included in current liabilities.

	2022	2021
Revenue	\$ 480,778	\$ 483,764
Expense	480,778	483,764
Excess of revenue over expense	\$ 	\$ _
	2022	2021
Cash flows provided by (used in): Operating activities Financing and investing activities	\$ 176,629 (176,629)	\$ 132,270 (132,270)
Increase in cash	\$ -	\$ _

The Housing Corporation follows an appropriate disclosed basis of accounting, under which the following accounting policies differ from those followed by the Organization:

- (i) Amortization of building and equipment is provided at an amount equivalent to the principal repayment of debt rather than being amortized over their useful lives.
- (ii) Capital assets purchased after initial project construction are reported as direct expenses of the replacement reserve fund rather than being capitalized on the statement of financial position and amortized over their useful life.
- (iii) Transfers to the replacement reserve fund are accounted for on the statement of operations, rather than as an interfund transfer on the statement of changes in net assets.

The Organization enters into transactions with the Housing Corporation in the normal course of operations.

The Organization leases certain residential properties from the Housing Corporation on a month-to-month basis. These properties are sublet to clients receiving support services from the Organization on the same terms and conditions.

The Organization provides project management and maintenance services to the Housing Corporation. In return for these services the Housing Corporation paid fees of \$67,260 (2021 - \$67,425) to the Organization.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

10. Contingent liabilities:

(a) Reciprocal:

On July 1, 1987, a group of health care organizations, ("subscribers"), formed Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada ("HIROC"). HIROC is registered as a Reciprocal pursuant to Provincial Insurance Acts, which permits persons to exchange with other persons reciprocal contracts of indemnity insurance. HIROC facilitates the provision of liability insurance coverage of health care organizations in the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Newfoundland. Subscribers pay annual premiums, which are actuarially determined, and are subject to assessment for losses in excess of such premiums, if any, experienced by the group of subscribers for the years in which they were a subscriber. No such assessments have been made to March 31, 2022.

Since its inception in 1987, HIROC has accumulated an un-appropriated surplus, which is the total of premiums paid by all subscribers plus investment income less the obligation for claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses. Each subscriber which has an excess of premium plus investment income over the obligation for their allocation of claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses may be entitled to receive distributions of their share of the un-appropriated surplus at the time such distributions are declared by the Board of Directors of HIROC. There are no distributions receivables from HIROC as of March 31, 2022.

(b) General:

The nature of the Organization's activities is such that there may be litigation pending at any time. With respect to claims at March 31, 2022 against the Organization, management believes there are valid defenses and appropriate insurance coverages in place. In the event any claims specifically are successful, management believes that such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Organization.

11. Financial risk and concentration of risk:

(a) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Organization manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Organization prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

11. Financial risk and concentration of risk (continued):

(b) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable. The Organization assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not considered collectible in an allowance for doubtful accounts (note 2).

12. Impact of COVID-19:

In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has had a significant financial, market and social dislocating impact. At the time of approval of these financial statements, the Corporation has undertaken the following activities in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic.

- The closure of certain facilities to the general public, with temporary facilities opened to deal with screening and testing activities;
- Revisions to the delivery of a number of services in order to create capacity for pandemic response and limit the potential for transmission within the Organization;
- The implementation of working from home requirements for certain employees;
- The Corporation received COVID-19 funding in the form of temporary wage enhancement in the amount of \$1,759,417 to offset the related COVID-19 costs; and
- The Corporation received capital funding from MCCSS during the year amounting to \$337,000 but which remain unspent as a result of delays due to the impact of COVID-19 and which have been deferred to 2023 fiscal year.

The Corporation continues to respond to the pandemic and plans for continued operational and financial impacts during the 2023 fiscal year and beyond. Management has assessed the impact of COVID-19 and believes there are no significant financial issues that compromise its ongoing operations. The outcome and timeframe to a recovery from the current pandemic is highly unpredictable, thus it is not practicable to estimate and disclose its effect on future operations at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

13. Subsequent event:

With the purchase of 3 Cassidy Street in 2021, Ongwanada Hospital will be entering into a 20 year commitment to maintain affordable units for vulnerable people. This commitment comes with financial assistance of \$1,154,880 in Rapid Housing Initiative funding managed by the City of Kingston for renovations and construction of the location. On May 31 2022, the Ongwanada Board of Governors approved the motion to support the use of the funding received for the renovations at Cassidy Street for a total cost of \$1,716,880. This amount is based on funding received from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services and the Corporation of the City of Kingston.

14. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Expenses of Developmental Care (Community Residential Services)

SCHEDULE A

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022	 2021
High support - 24-hour nursing:			
Barclay	\$	1,180,179	\$ 1,034,270
Elizabeth	•	830,765	1,096,929
Montreal North		587,252	699,082
WOILIGALIYOLU			
High support:		896,756	821,139
Baxter		1,383,380	1,298,767
Sydenham James		806,324	1,014,915
James		r	
Respite:		645,895	505,801
Wilson		15,343	141,684
Out of home		10,040	111,001
Low support:		40.00	0.717
Dundas		10,665	9,717
Seaforth		911,981	680,527
Inverness		817,288	864,625 727,635
Douglas		759,434	647,621
Portsmouth		834,590	724,627
Montreal South		670,479	667,662
Mulcaster		606,401	689,084
Prince Charles		713,998	694,734
Richard		779,114	839,757
Church		778,584	665,825
Robinson		645,000	672,600
Cunningham		698,609	643,226
Henry		614,599	651,061
McKeown		698,828	730,835
Henrietta		973,447 735,845	879,208
Grosvenor		735,645	702,143
Muirfield			749,898
Mowat		868,630	749,090
Clinical:		4 000 005	4 007 075
Sunnyside complex care home		1,800,095	1,667,375
Gore Road complex care home		1,468,148	1,336,410
Haig Road complex care home		1,454,038	1,335,872
Cassidy Street complex care home		201,423	-
Home share		1,745,198	1,566,127
Joint Service Agreements		8,064,832	6,024,223
Residential administration and support:			
Administration		1,732,183	1,658,167
Clinical lab		11,621	57,723
Clinical records		427,500	412,682
Dietary		225,864	299,402
Scheduling		310,087	266,803
Transportation		289,089	353,961

Expenses of Developmental Care (Client and Community Services, Environmental Support)

SCHEDULE B

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022		2021
Hausakaaning	\$	316,875	\$	352,102
Housekeeping Laundry and linen	Ψ	3,476	•	1,506
Maintenance - Resource Centre		1,519,172		1,282,013
Maintenance - Crescent Centre		35,057		36,310
Maintenance - Balsam Grove		66,705		81,169
Continuing education		590,591		512,822
Chaplaincy		79,906		73,974
Medical associates		221,600		241,474
Radiology *		78,094		33,581
Cytogenetics		120,324		120,324
Pharmacy *		2,488,763		2,418,013
Clinical services		1,034,019		1,139,470
Hydrotherapy		260,297		251,154
Crescent community services		1,715,434		809,352
Psychology		419,126		429,749
Behavior management		422,188		438,573
Social services		370,881		392,517
Volunteer services		19,081		46,392
Client facilitation		396,567		434,698
Planning and vocational services		227,773		179,991
Community network of specialized care		581,369		459,380
	\$	10,967,298	\$	9,734,564
*Effective April 1, 2016, Pharmacy & Radiology were exclude			ibility	
D. W C. M Children Community				
Responsibility of Ministry of Children, Community	\$	8,400,441	\$	7,282,970
and Social Services	Φ	2,566,857	Ψ	2,451,594
Responsibility of Board		2,000,007		2,401,004
	\$	10,967,298	\$	9,734,564

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2022

9. Related entities (continued):

(a) Ongwanada Non-Profit Housing Corporation (continued):

During the year, the Organization provided temporary financing to the Housing Corporation to offset cash flow delays related to the timing of receipt of operating grants from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services. At March 31, 2022, a balance of \$79,963 was receivable from the Housing Corporation (2021 - \$14,095) and is reported on the statement of financial position. The balance has no fixed terms of repayment, is unsecured and is non-interest bearing.

(b) Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated:

Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated, a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, provides laundry services, linen replacement, uniforms and other related laundry services to five hospitals in the Kingston region. The Organization exercises significant influence, but not control, over Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated.

Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated provides laundry services to the Organization based on rates reflecting the costs, expenses and disbursements incurred by them in the normal course of business relating to the provision of laundry services. The Organization contributes toward approved capital improvements and replacement costs incurred by Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated. During the year, the Organization paid \$3,476 (2021 - \$1,506) to Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated for laundry services.

Expenses of Developmental Care (General Administration)

SCHEDULE C

Year ended March 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	 2021
Administration Financial services Human resources Occupational health and safety Management information system	\$ 1,126,932 886,876 616,918 193,607 428,442	\$ 721,910 1,011,085 504,343 175,502 379,697
	\$ 3,252,775	\$ 2,792,537